Flat income tax 2015. From 1 to 44 countries in 17 years 20 countries in Europe with flat tax (bold)

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Saudi Arabia (foreigners 20%)	2,5%
Montenegro (since 2007)	9%
Kyrgyz Republic (2006)	10%*
Kazakhstan (2007)	10%*
Turkmenistan	10%
Macedonia (2007)	10%*
Mongolia (2007)	10%
Albania (2008)	10%
Bulgaria (2008)	10%*
Nepal (2008)	10%
Serbia (2008)	10%
Bosnia & Herzegovina	10%
Andorra (2011)	10%
Abkhazia	10%
Transnistria	10%
Timor-Leste	10%
Macau	12%
Belarus (2009)	12%*
South Ossetia	12%
Russia (2001)	13%*
Bolivia	13%
Hong Kong (1947)	10% + 15%*
Lithuania (1994)	15%*
Iraq (2004)	15%
Mauritius (2007)	15%
Czech Republic (2008)	15% + 22%
Malta (2011)	15%
Ukraine (2004)	15% + 17%*
Seychelles	15%
Romani (2005)	16%
Hungary (2011)	16%
Slovakia (2004)	19% + 21%*
Georgia (2005) (incl.social tax 8%)	20%*
Jersey and Guernsey (1940)	20%
Estonia (1994)	21%*
Madagascar	21%
Latvia (1994)	25%*
Jamaica (1984)	25%
Belize	25%
Saint Helena	25%
Trinidad & Tobago	25%
Grenada	30%
Tuvalu	30%

^{*} WTA Secretary General Björn Tarras-Wahlberg was there meeting ministers & media

Why flat income taxes?

- 1. Simple and fair
- 2. Promotes economic growth
- 3. Promotes tax competition
- 4. Neutral to inflation
- 5. Gives you more freedom

Why mostly in the new democracies?

- 1. Liberal values with more individual freedom
- 2. Wish to get rid of socialistic high taxes
- 3. Wish to reduce the black economy
- 4. Wish to promote economic growth and increased tax revenues with lower taxes
- 5. No heavy package of social welfare

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